

# AllSummarizer system at MultiLing 2015: Multilingual single and multi-document summarization

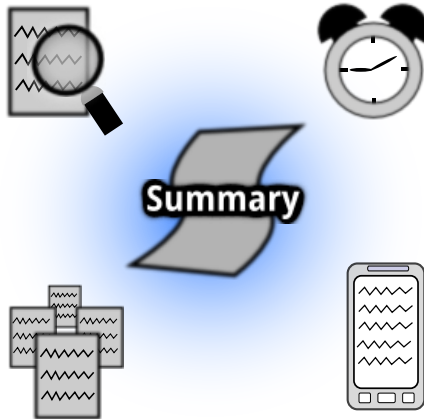
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# Introduction

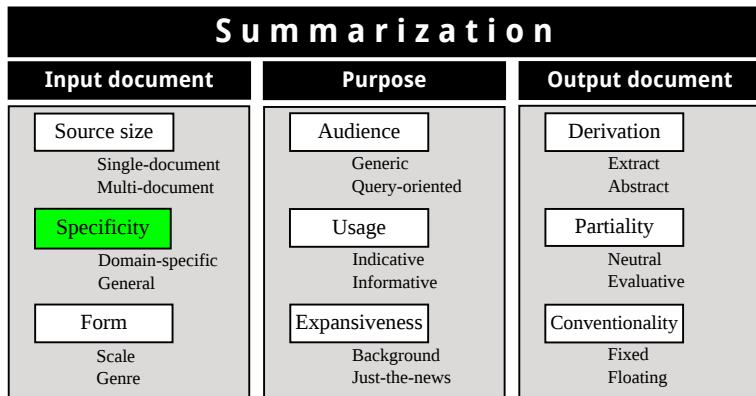
## Why summarize?



# Introduction

## Summarization classification

Following [Hovy and Lin, 1998, Sparck Jones, 1999]:



# Introduction

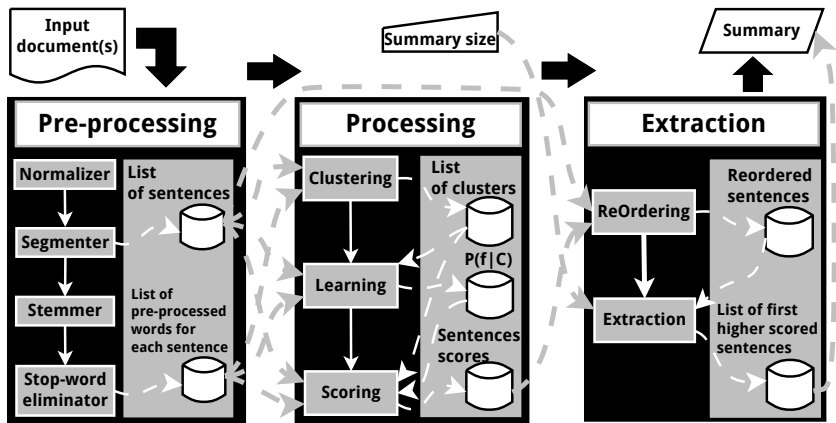
## Multilingual systems

- Process more than one language.
- Language independent application:
  - Fully independent
  - Partial independent

# AllSummarizer system

`https://github.com/kariminf/AllSummarizer`

# System architecture



# Preprocessing

Task	Tools	Languages
Sentence segmentation	openNLP	Nl, En, De, It, Pt, Th
	JHazzm	Fa
	Regex	The remaining
Words tokenization	openNlp	Nl, En, De, It, Pt, Th
	Lucene	Zh, Ja
	Regex	The remaining
Stemming	Shereen	Ar
	Khoja	
	JHazzm	Fa
	HebMorph	He
	Lucene	Bg, Cs, El, Hi, Id, Ja, No
	Snowball	Eu, Ca, Nl, En (Porter), Fi, Fr, De, Hu, It, Pt, Ro, Ru, Es, Sv, Tr
/	The remaining	

# Processing

## Our idea

Topics of a text:

- A text is composed of many topics.
- A sentence can express more than one.

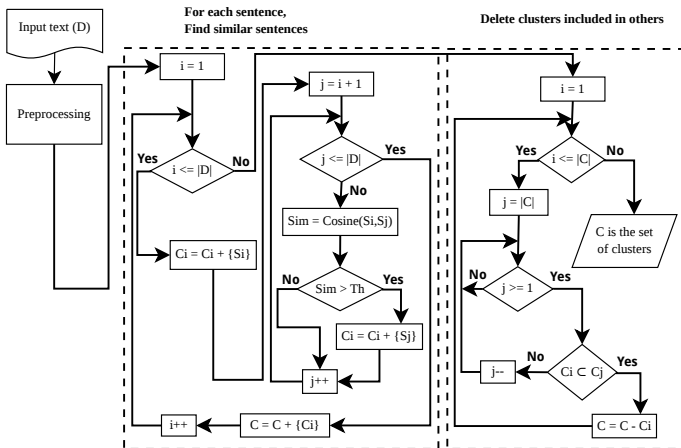
A summary:

- Can represent the content of the input text, and therefore the topics in it.
- Have the most probable sentences to represent all topics.

⇒ We have to find a method to quantify how much a sentence can represent each and all topics.



# Processing Clustering



# Processing

## Training

$$P_f(f = \phi | c_j) = \frac{|\phi \in c_j|}{\sum_{c_l \in C} |\phi' \in c_l|}$$

$f$ : feature,  $\phi$ : observation of  $f$ ,  $C$ : set of clusters.

$f \in$

- unigram term frequency (TFU)
- bigram term frequency (TFB)
- sentence position (Pos)
- sentence length (Rleng, PLeng)

# Processing

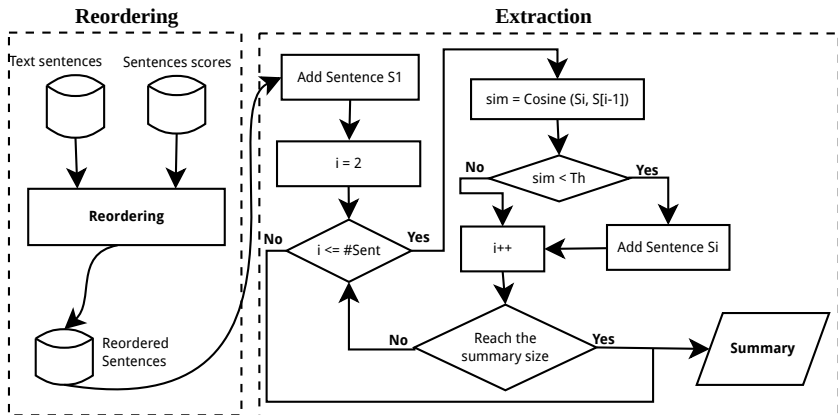
## Scoring

$$\text{Score}(s_i, c_j, f_k) = 1 + \sum_{\phi \in s_i} P(f_k = \phi | s_i \in c_j)$$

$$\text{Score}(s_i, \bigcap_j c_j, F) = \prod_j \prod_k \text{Score}(s_i, c_j, f_k)$$

s: sentence, c: cluster, f: feature, F: set of used features,  $\phi$ : observation of  $f$ .

# Extraction



# Experiments

- Parameters estimation.
- Evaluation (Testing).

# Parameters estimation

## Threshold: Statistic measures

- The median
- The mean
- The mode: lower mode and higher mode.
- The variance
- $sDn = \frac{\sum |s|}{|D|*n}$
- $Dsn = \frac{|D|}{n*\sum |s|}$
- $Ds = \frac{|D|}{\sum |s|}$

$|s|$ : number of different terms in a sentence  $s$ .  $|D|$ : number of different terms in the document  $D$ .  $n$ : number of sentences in this document.

# Parameters estimation

## Selection process

### MMS task training - English:

		TFU- TFB-Pos- RLeng	TFU- TFB-Pos- PLeng	TFU-TFB- RLeng- PLeng	TFU-Pos- RLeng- PLeng	TFB-Pos- RLeng- PLeng	TFU- TFB-Pos- RLeng- PLeng
M001	median	0.0909	0.1105	0.1259	0.1273	0.1385	0.0951
	sDn	0.0783	0.0951	0.0895	0.1385	0.0951	0.1203
	Lmode	0.1147	0.0937	0.1301	<u>0.1497</u>	0.1245	0.0923
	Hmode	0.1147	0.0937	0.1301	<u>0.1497</u>	0.1245	0.0923
	mean	0.0909	0.0909	0.1189	0.0923	0.1063	0.1357
	variance	0.0783	0.0951	0.0895	0.1385	0.0951	0.1203
	Ds	0.1119	0.1119	0.1063	0.1119	0.0531	0.1119
Dsn	0.0783	0.0951	0.0895	0.1385	0.0951	0.1203	
...							
AVG	median	0.0105	0.0108	0.0112	0.0109	0.0122	0.0102
	sDn	0.0075	0.0095	0.0111	0.0110	0.0093	0.0106
	Lmode	0.0106	0.0099	0.0115	0.0133	<b>0.0133</b>	0.0100
	Hmode	0.0125	0.0095	0.0115	0.0125	0.0114	0.0100
	mean	0.0109	0.0089	0.0120	0.0097	0.0117	0.0133
	variance	0.0075	0.0095	0.0111	0.0110	0.0093	0.0106
	Ds	0.0091	0.0086	0.0099	0.0100	0.0100	0.0088
Dsn	0.0075	0.0095	0.0111	0.0110	0.0093	0.0106	

# Parameters estimation

## Selected parameters

Lang	Single document (MSS)		Multidocument (MMS)		
	Th	Features	Th	Features	
Ar	Ds	TFB, Pos, PLeng	Ds	TFB, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	
Cs	HMode	TFU, TFB, Pos, PLeng	Ds	TFB, Pos, PLeng	
El	Median	TFU, TFB, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	LMode	TFB, RLeng	
En	Median	TFU, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	LMode	TFB, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	
Es	sDn	TFB, PLeng	Ds	TFB, PLeng	
Fr	Median	TFB, Pos, RLeng	Mean	TFU, TFB, Pos, PLeng	
He	Ds	TFB, PLeng	Median	TFB, RLeng, PLeng	
Hi	/	/	Ds	TFB, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	
Ro	HMode	TFB, RLeng, PLeng	sDn	TFB, Pos, PLeng	
Zh	HMode	TFB, RLeng, PLeng	sDn	TFU, Pos, RLeng, PLeng	



# System evaluation

## Comparing criteria

Let AS = AllSummarizer

S = other system participated with n languages

$$AVG_S = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Score_S(L_i)}{n}$$

$$AVG_{AS} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Score_{AS}(L_i)}{n}$$

Relative improvement (RI):

$$RI = \frac{AVG_{AS} - AVG_S}{AVG_S}$$

# System evaluation

Single document (MSS task)

Methods	Our method improvement %				
	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4	R-SU4
BGU-SCE-M (ar, en, he)	-09.19	-14.02	-19.39	-25.12	-11.07
EXB (all 38)	-07.64	-10.55	-09.86	-07.92	-10.63
CCS (all 38)	-07.33	-13.24	-10.95	-03.04	-07.40
BGU-SCE-P (ar, en, he)	-04.33	-01.63	-02.69	-06.16	-01.89
UA-DLSI (en, de, es)	+02.12	+06.25	+13.86	+17.15	+05.62
NTNU (en, zh)	+06.44	+07.06	+11.50	+21.81	+05.74
Oracles (all 38) [TopLine]	-31.64	-49.00	-63.80	-72.91	-36.77
Lead (all 38) [BaseLine]	+02.39	+08.67	+08.20	+04.02	+05.82

# System evaluation

## Multidocument (MMS task)

SysID	Our method improvement %		
	AutoSummENG	MeMoG	NPower
UJF-Grenoble (fr, en, el)	-08.87	-14.55	-03.62
UWB (all 10)	-22.56	-22.66	-07.54
ExB (all 10)	-09.44	-09.16	-02.80
IDA-OCCAMS (all 10)	-17.11	-17.68	-05.53
GiauUngVan (- zh, ro, es)	-16.43	-19.40	-05.68
SCE-Poly (ar, en, he)	-05.72	-03.35	-01.46
BUPT-CIST (all 10)	+10.67	+11.53	+02.85
BGU-MUSE (ar, en, he)	+05.67	+06.92	+01.74
NCSR/SCIFY-	+01.53	-01.25	+00.13
NewSumRerank (- zh)			
AllSummazer (MSS param) (all 10)	+01.98	+02.35	+00.58

## Conclusion and Perspectives

These experiments have shown that:

- Can't use the same parameters (Th &  $\vec{F}$ ) to every language.
- Estimating the parameters using the average doesn't give the best score.
- Fair results.

For future:

- Estimate the parameters based on the input text using statistical criteria.
- Investigate the effect of preprocessing and clustering on the result.
- Readability in a multilingual context.

# Bibliography



Hovy, E. and Lin, C.-Y. (1998).

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In *Advances in automatic text summarisation*. Cambridge MA: MIT Press.

# Thank you for your attention

## Questions